

FARMER TO PUT LIBERTY LOAN OVER TOP AGAIN

Atlanta, Ga.—The Treasury Department of the United States is depending upon the farmer to put the fourth Liberty Loan triumphantly over the top in the South, just as he did in the Third Loan, when the percentage of subscriptions from the rural districts was very high, the farmer subscribing to by far the greater share of the issue.

The card system to be used in this campaign will enable the committees and the government to keep careful check on the subscriptions made by every man in the country, and by every occupation. The government is anxious that every citizen own at least a few Liberty bonds, and those who are shown on the record not to have invested at all will be especially solicited.

Reports from the county chairmen of Liberty Loan committees to W. C. Wardlaw, district executive chairman, and St. Elmo Massengale, director of publicity, indicate absolute optimism for the Fourth loan, despite the higher quotas assigned every territory.

"Our people have given their sons and brothers to this war," they say. "Do you think they are not going to back up the boys with their dollars?"

"Our Southern farmers, too, have been taught the value of bonds as an investment, too. The other campaigns were campaigns of education, but this isn't so necessary now. Every man who has a bond or two tucked away in his strong box or in the bank is anxious to put a few of the Fourth issue beside them."

The campaign for the Fourth loan will continue only three weeks, from September 28 to October 19, inclusive. Within that time each county and state must raise its quota. It will take hard work on the part of the committees, and this will be made much easier by every man's making up his mind what he can invest in bonds and meeting the committee half way.

FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN CAMPAIGN IS AT HAND

The Fourth Liberty Loan campaign, to give every American an opportunity to lend to his own government money to win the war and drive the Hun back over the Rhine is now at hand. In every county in the state there is a Liberty Loan committee, composed of loyal, energetic citizens, who are subscribing liberally themselves and encouraging others to subscribe.

It is believed that the task of obtaining subscriptions will be far easier in this loan than in the past, despite the greatly increased quotas given every zone and county. For, surely the American people have learned by this time what a Liberty Loan means, what it will do for the country and what it will do for the man, whether he be farmer or merchant or laborer, who saves his money and lends it, with the rest, to Uncle Sam. There is really no reason why one loyal American should have to chase another loyal American all over a ten-acre field to ask him to do his duty.

It is believed that in this campaign a much greater proportion of citizens will go voluntarily to the banks or to the committee and make their subscription directly, obtaining a Liberty Loan button and thus declaring they have done their duty to their country.

A great many of our citizens have registered for the new draft, but they realize that there is but slight opportunity of their services being actually required in the war. It would be an excellent thing if those men whose names are now on the roll and who feel sure of exemption because of age or family dependents or disability would consider themselves, even not "in the service" and devote whatever part of their income they can spare to lending to their government.

The war is costing the United States sixty-seven million dollars a day. It is our war, our war bill, and it is up to us to pay it.

LIBERTY LOAN AND SAVING STAMPS NOW UNDER ONE HEAD

Atlanta, Ga.—Joseph A. McCor, governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of the Sixth District, has been appointed general chairman of both Liberty Loan and War Savings Stamp committees for the district. The object is to bring about more thorough co-operation and coordination of the two big government revenue-producing movements.

The two organizations will keep their separate individuality, and campaigns will be conducted separately, as in the past, and the present officers and chairmen will retain the posts.

Within ten days after the completion of the publication of this resolution required by law.

Sec. 5. That this resolution take effect as provided by law.

All members of the Board of Aldermen being present and voting Aye.

V. P. DEJEAN, Mayor.

F. D. BECHT, Clerk.

**Legal Blanks for
Sale at This Office**

The Enemy Is Watching

By NEWTON D. BAKER, Secretary of War

The supreme moments of our struggle with Germany have now come.

We have carried our first armies across three thousand miles of ocean and joined the issue of battle with the military power of a nation that has been for forty years preparing its plans and its weapons for its present attempt to dominate the world. We have had to put forth an immense effort and spend a fabulous

sum in order to make, in so short a time, an adequate beginning for our gigantic task.

But it is only our beginning. We must follow it with greater energy and support it with increasing power. Men, munitions, ships and supplies must go to Europe in a larger and larger stream. We must redouble our blows and add constantly to the strength of those blows, if our initial effort is not to be wasted.

This Means That Our Fourth Liberty Loan Must Be Larger Than Its Predecessors, More Enthusiastically Supported and More Quickly Than Ever Subscribed

The enemy is watching anxiously for the first sign that we are faltering.

Our Government Loans should go "over the top" as eagerly as our soldiers do, in order to carry with them the terror of furious attack. Our dollars must rain upon the enemy as overwhelmingly as our hail of bullets or our storm of shells.

We are fighting for the liberty of the world, for the triumph of our ideals of democracy and self-government over the last great advocate of force upholding injustice. We are buying with our Liberty Loans the security and joy of our people for generations to come. No price could be too high to pay for such a victory—no cost too great for such a purchase.

Lend the Way Our Boys Fight—To Your Very Utmost!

This Space Contributed to Winning the War by

LEWIS INSURANCE AGENCY, Pascagoula, Miss.

STREET SPECIAL IMPROVEMENT RESOLUTION.

Resolution declaring street special improvement necessary upon the following described streets in the City of Pascagoula, Mississippi:

Frederic street, beginning at South side of Delmas Ave; and extending South side of L. & N. R. R. tracks, Cedar street from North side of L. & N. R. R. track to North side of Live Oak Street.

Magnolia Street, beginning at North side of L. & N. R. R. tracks and extending to North side of Live Oak Street.

Pascagoula street, beginning at North side of Jackson street and extending to North side of Telephone Road.

Krebs Ave, beginning at East side of Cedar street and extending to West side of Pascagoula street.

St. Francis street, beginning at North side of Delmas Ave; and extending North to L. & N. R. R. right-of-way.

St. Ferol street, beginning at North side of Delmas Ave; and extending North to L. & N. R. R. right-of-way.

Kerr St, beginning at North side of Delmas Ave; and extending to South side of L. & N. R. R. track.

Delmas Ave, beginning at East side of Frederic street and extending to West side of Pascagoula street.

Sec. 1. Be it resolved by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Pascagoula, Mississippi, proceeding under Chapter 269, Laws of Mississippi 1912, that it is necessary that the following streets be improved and

constructed in said City and which require unusual outlay and cost in which the general improvement fund is not sufficient and for which purpose the general improvement fund should not be used:

Frederic street, beginning at South side of Delmas Avenue; and extending to South side of L. & N. R. R. track.

Cedar St. from North side of L. & N. R. R. track to North side of Live Oak street.

Magnolia street, beginning at North side of L. & N. R. R. tracks; and extending to North side of Live Oak street.

Pascagoula street, beginning at South side of Jackson street and extending to North side of Telephone Road.

Krebs Ave; beginning at East side

of Cedar street and extending to West side of Pascagoula street.

St. Ferol street, beginning at North side of Delmas Ave; and extending North to L. & N. R. R. right-of-way.

St. Francis street, beginning at North side of Delmas Ave; and extending North to L. & N. R. R. right-of-way.

Kerr street, beginning at North side of Delmas Ave; and extending to South side of L. & N. R. R. track.

Delmas Ave, beginning at East side of Frederic street and extending to West side of Pascagoula street.

Sec. 2. The street improvement shall consist of hard surfaced pavement of the full width of the streets above described; and concrete curb and gutter where necessary. The pavement will be of concrete, wood

blocks, vitrified brick, bituminous or asphalt; or a combination of said materials; as may be determined when plans are received. In any event the special improvement shall constitute a substantial and, so far as is practicable, a permanent pavement.

Sec. 3. That it is the intention of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of Pascagoula, Mississippi to levy a special tax on the property abutting on the said streets to defray the cost of constructing the said pavement, the special tax to be levied in the following manner:

The properties on each side of each of the said streets shall each bear proportionate one-fourth of the cost of the improvement. The City shall bear one-half of the cost of the said improvement, except on those streets

on which the street car line is located in which event the street car line owners shall pay one-fourth of the cost of the street special improvement and the City of Pascagoula will pay one-fourth.

Sec. 4. That the Clerk publish this resolution as required by law once a week for three weeks and only the property owners whose property is actually included within the part of a street ordered to be specially improved shall have any right to be heard on any matter connected with the proposed special improvement as provided by law.

The said property owners may file their written protest with the Clerk of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of Pascagoula, Mississippi against the construction of said street special improvement

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